





Future Land & Agricultural Policy

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In or out of Europe – farm policy would be

reformed

What is new in the common agricultural policy?

More flexibility and strategic planning

Policy objectives are defined at EU level but each member state is asked to draw up its strategic plan to outline how it intends to reach the EU-wide objectives by:



defining actions and targets

outlining the specific interventions which will be available to farmers

More focus on performance



Member states will plan their interventions based on clear results, and will report on their performance on the strategic plan objectives.



Farmers will receive financial support on the condition that they adopt practices that are beneficial for the climate and the environment.



Through eco-schemes, specific payments will be provided to farmers that adopt climate-sensitive and nature-friendly practices, in line with the European Green Deal objectives. Examples of these actions are:



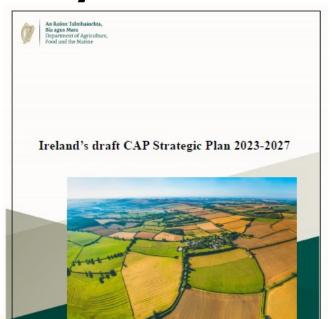
organic farming



crop rotation



preservation of carbon-rich soils





https://ec.europa.eu/info /food-farmingfisheries/keypolicies/commonagricultural-policy/newcap-2023-27_en



UK Withdrawal from the **European Union (Continuity)** (Scotland) Act 2021



Policy paper

England forging ahead with reform



Guardian



https://assets.publishing.s ervice.gov.uk/government /uploads/system/uploads /attachment_data/file/10 03924/farmingchanging.pdf

BPS & Greening getting phased out

Payment band	Scheme year			
	2021	2022	2023	2024
Up to £30,000	5%	20%	35%	50%
£30,000 - £50,000	10%	25%	40%	55%
£50,000 - £150,000	20%	35%	50%	65%
More than £150,000	25%	40%	55%	70%

Updated 4 August 2021

scheme

Shaping the new Landscape Recovery scheme

The Team, 1 April 2021 - Environmental goods, Things we're doing, Ways to get

Sustainable Farming Incentive: Defra's

plans for piloting and launching the

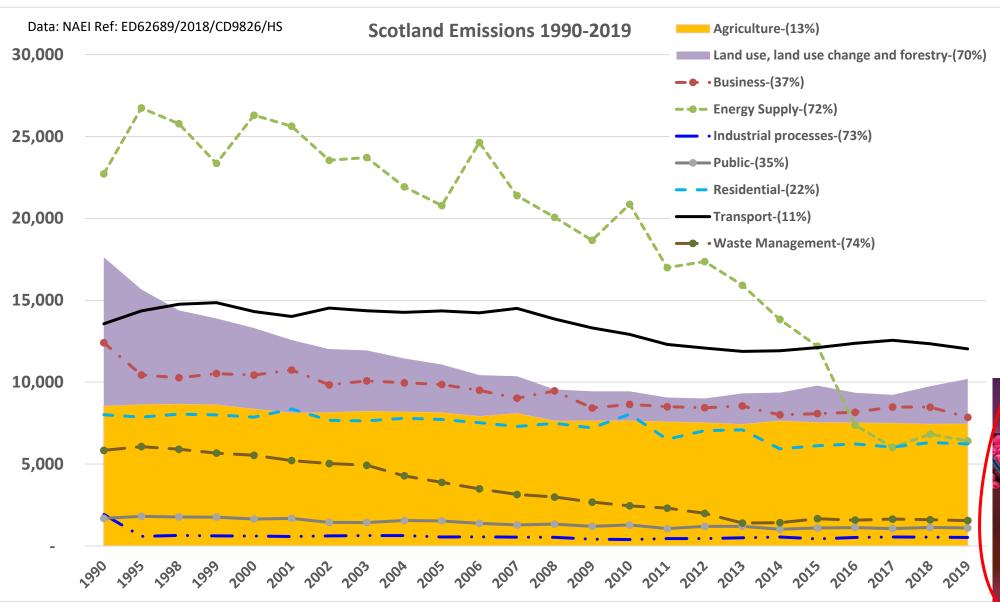
Welsh Government to introduce Sustainable Farming Scheme in 2025 **Farmers**

News 21 Sep 2021 Abi Kav

BUT.....

- Common Framework on Agricultural Support??
- Internal Market Act 2020?
- Subsidy Control Bill???
 - "protecting against subsidies that risk causing distortive or harmful economic impacts to competition and investment throughout the UK"

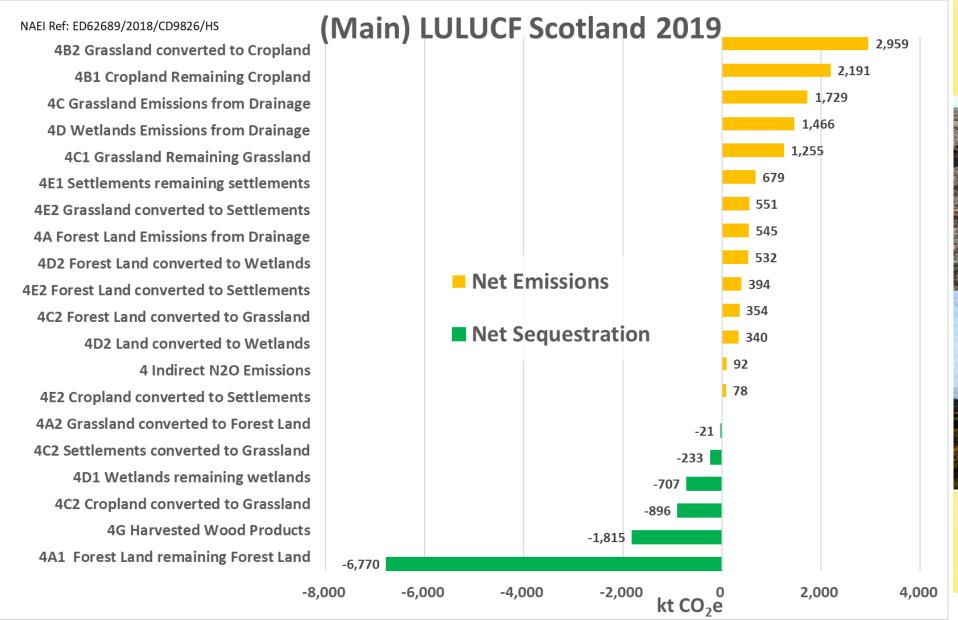
Driver - Net Zero, Agriculture & Land Use



'Agriculture' and 'LULUCF' 22% of Scottish 2019 CO₂e emissions



LULUCF now a net source



LULCF now a 2.7mt CO₂e source



How to mobilise action?

** SRUC Holding Name benchmarking options What is the potential gain of improving productivity? Net Zero and 'Agriculture' emissions Potential Survival Growth **Drill Down** 21.1 t 11.7 t Detailed metrics Potential Gain Pigs Manure management CH4 Arable Mobile machinery (6.7%) (0.6%)Other (2.1%) Rertility Sales Sheep Inorganic fert (0.8%) 90.7₁ Arable Inorganic fert (2.9%) 41.0 t 16.8 t Sheep Grazing manure (1.0%) Arable Mineralisation (2.6%) Sheep Enteric methane (11.5%) Arable Crop Residues (2.2%) Arable Liming (2.1%) Arable Leaching & run-off (2.0%) Suckler beef Cultivation of organic. soils (1.4%) Scottish Suckler beef Mobile machinery (1.4%)Agriculture Dairy Enteric methane (9.0%) Suckler beef Inorganic fert (2.6%). 7.5 Mt CO₂e in 2018 Suckler beef Manure management. N2O (3.0%) Dairy Manure management CH4 'Agriculture' (2.5%)Dairy Inorganic fert (1.6%) to lose 1/3 of Suckler beef Manure management Dairy Manure management N2O CH4 (3.9%) (1.1%)Dairy Mobile machinery (1.0%) emissions by Suckler beef Enteric methane 2032but Dairy beef Enteric methane (1.9%) (25.3%)Suckler **Dairy Beef** Arable Dairy Sheep Pigs Other how? (29.8%)(17.7%)(3.1%)Beef (41%) (1.2%)(15.1%)

Policy Direction - Stability & Simplicity to ARIOB





Climate & biodiversity emergencies **Brexit**

WORKING TOGETHER TO BUILD A GREENER, FAIRER, INDEPENDENT **SCOTLAND**



Farming 1.5°

A transformation

-Suckler Beef **Programme** Board

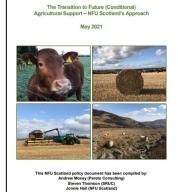


Agriculture Reform Implementation Oversight Board





Agricultural Transition in Scotland: first steps towards our national policy

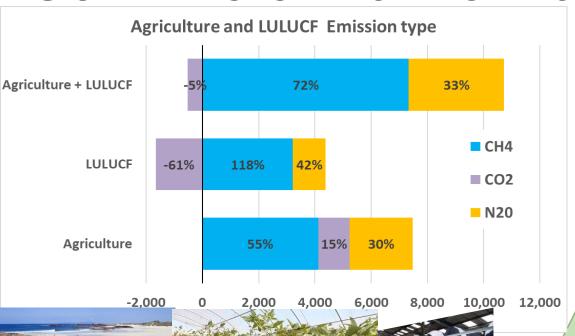






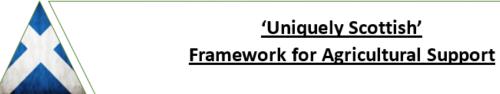
Crofting Group

Can the ambition be delivered?



Thomson, Moxey, NFUS approach





Targeted
Environment &
Climate Support

 Targeted support on peatlands, woodlands, forestry, priority species, habitats & landscapes

Transformative Support

- Productivity, efficiency & environmental improvements
- Diversification, Processing, Supply Chain Integration
 - Adjustment support (succession, new entrants)
 - Advice and CPD

Disadvantage Areas Support

 Support for hill & upland producers based on biophysical disadvantage/peripherality

Direct (Conditional) Income Support

- Area-based and coupled support & VCS
 - Increased conditionality on GHG & biodiversity & efficiency measures
 - Tiered payments based on climate & biodiversity outcomes
 - Defined agricultural activity

Will the ambition be delivered???



Scottish Government and Scottish Green Part

WORKING TOGETHER TO BUILD / GREENER, FAIRER, INDEPENDEN' SCOTLAND

- "We will shift half of all funding for farming and crofting from unconditional to conditional support with targets for biodiversity gain and a drive towards low carbon approaches which improve resilience, efficiency and profitability." https://www.gov.scot/publications/priorities-government-statement-efficiency and profitability."
- Bute House Agreement
 - "where practicable, stay <u>aligned with new EU measures</u> and policy developments".
 - "Ensuring nature restoration and the principles of regenerative agriculture are a
 key aim of the reformed agricultural support scheme"....."Scotland should be a
 global leader in sustainable and regenerative agriculture"
 - Introduce a <u>new Bill in 2023 to replace the CAP</u> with a support framework that focuses on climate change mitigation and adaption, nature restoration, high quality food, business resilience, efficiency and profitability and has increased conditionality against public benefits.
 - commitments on women in agriculture, rights of tenant farmers and smallholders, organic farming, and a Just Transition

 https://www.gov.scot/publications/scottish-government-and-scottish-green-party-shared-policy-programme/documents/

Will the ambition be delivered?

"Introduce a <u>new Bill in 2023 to replace the CAP</u> with a support framework that focuses on climate change mitigation and adaption, nature restoration, high quality food, business resilience, efficiency and profitability and has increased conditionality against public benefits." <u>Scottish Government 2021</u>

"We will shift half of all funding for farming and crofting from unconditional to conditional support with targets for biodiversity gain and a drive towards low carbon approaches which improve resilience, efficiency and profitability" Scottish Government 2021



29 October 2021 | by FarmingUK Team | Government and Brexit, News, Renewables and

Track1 – Baselining & improve knowledge

Track2 - Conditionality Test Programme & Active Livestock Management initiative for beef farms

The **Nature Restoration Fund** - projects that address the biodiversity and climate crisis by putting Scotland's species, woodlands, rivers and seas back on the road to recovery. A PfG commitment, the fund comprises a multi-year package of at least £55 million over the next five years. Published: 06 Nov 2021









What about COP26?





"I am seeking to transform how we support farming and food production to make Scotland a world leader in sustainable and regenerative agriculture. Healthy soils have a vital role to play in this vision."



"urgent action and investment to protect nature and shift to more sustainable ways of farming..... Leveraging over US\$4 billion of new public sector investment into agricultural innovation"

POLICY ACTION AGENDA FOR TRANSITION TO SUSTAINABLE FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

COP26: World leaders pledge to cut methane emission levels by 30% by 2030 in 'game-changing commitment'





Not just Policy - Selling & borrowing may need green credentials

Tesco to roll out LEAF Marque accreditation across global supply chain **Farminguk**

1 October 2021 | by FarmingUK Team | News, Produce, Supermarkets



Biodiversity and Sainsbury's sustainable sourcing

We want to ensure the impact of our operations is net positive for biodiversity, so that we are playing our part in restoring nature.

We are also working closely with farmers, growers and suppliers, in the UK and internationally, so we can reassure customers about where and how our products are sourced. Sourcing our products sustainably helps us to improve people's livelihoods and tackle climate change while improving the quality of our products and ensuring we secure the future of our products for our customers.

Arla reveals carbon output of its dairy farmers



Dairy co-operative Arla has revealed carbon footprint data from just under 2,000 of its UK dairy farmers, suggesting they are world-beaters in terms of their environmental impact.

Move towards 'sustainable lending' by banks

Banks have committed to helping agricultural businesses reduce their carbon footprint by offering new tools and lending schemes specifically for environmental projects.



The Supermarket Pledge at COP26

Five of the UK's top supermarkets have pledged to halve the environmental impact of a weekly shop by 2030.

At the COP26 summit, Tesco, Co-op, Sainsbury's, M&S and Waitrose have all promised to work to reduce the impact caused by their customers' weekly shop. Their efforts will be monitored by the WWF. The supermarkets will be working to halve:

- · The amount of global warming that shopping baskets cause
- The forests that are cut down to fill the baskets
- The impact of the agriculture and seafood in baskets
- The food waste and packaging they produce



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